



Behavioral Health is Essential To Health



Prevention Works







People Recover







Meeting the Behavioral Health Needs of Military Families

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SAMHSA – Improving Lives

From Prevention to Recovery – Provide opportunity and support for:

- Health
- Home
- Purpose
- Community



SAMHSA – Creating Change

Mission

 To reduce the impact of substance abuse and mental illness on America's communities

Roles

- Leadership and Voice
- Funding Service Capacity Development
- Information/Communications
- Regulation and Standard setting
- Practice Improvement

Leading Change

8 Strategic Initiatives



SAMHSA Strategic Initiatives

- Prevention
- Trauma and Justice
- Military Families
- Health Reform
- Recovery Supports
- Health Information Technology
- Data, Outcomes, & Quality
- Public Awareness & Support



Snapshot: Military Families

- Over 90,000 Reservists and National Guardsmen are activated
- Since 9/11 more than 2 million service members have deployed
- Service members back from deployment:
 - Approximately 18.5 percent with PTSD or depression
 - Approximately 19.5 percent with traumatic brain injury
- Approximately 50 percent of returning service members who need treatment for mental health conditions seek it - slightly more than half receive adequate care
- 2004 through 2006
 - 7.1 percent of U.S. veterans met criteria for SUD vs. 9.2 percent of general population in 2006 (12 or older)

Snapshot: Military Families

- 2005 2009: More than 1,100 members of the Armed Forces took their own lives; an average of 1 suicide every 36 hours
- 2010 Army suicide rate among active-duty soldiers decreaes slightly
 - 2009 = 162; 2010 = 156
- Number of suicides in the Guard and Reserve increases by 55%
 - 2009 = 80; 2010 = 145
- More than half of the National Guard members who died by suicide in 2010 had not deployed
- Suicide among veterans accounts for as many as 1 in 5 suicides in the U.S.

Snapshot: Military Families

- M/SUDs caused more hospitalizations among U.S. troops in 2009 than any other cause
- In 2009, on any given night, approximately 107,000 veterans were homeless
- Cumulative lengths of deployments associated with:
 - Increase in emotional difficulties among military children
 - Increase in mental health diagnoses among U.S. Army wives
- Children of deployed military personnel: increase in school, family, and peer-related emotional difficulties compared with national samples



Meeting the Needs of Military Families

- Active Duty, National Guard, Reserve, and Veteran Military Families endure on-going strain:
 - Frequent Deployments
 - Separation
 - Exposure to Combat
 - Military Sexual Trauma
 - Unmet Health and Behavioral Health Needs
- Community providers not equipped / trained to meet needs



Meeting the Needs of Military Families

- Gaps exist in available care
- Need for increased coordination between military and civilian health and behavioral health systems
- SAMHSA working with DoD, VA, States, Territories,
 Tribes, and communities to:
 - Decrease barriers
 - Increase military families' access to culturally competent, trauma-informed services regardless of where they choose to seek care



Strengthening Our Military Families: Meeting America's Commitment

January 24, 2011 - President Barack Obama, First Lady Michelle Obama, and Dr. Jill Biden release report

- 16 Cabinet members committed their departments/agencies to making military families one of their highest priorities
- Federal agencies responded with approximately 50 commitments to supporting military families





Strengthening Our Military Families: Meeting America's Commitment

- Prepared by an Interagency Policy Committee (IPC)
 - SAMHSA and ACF were primary reps for HHS
- Four strategic priorities address primary challenges:
 - Enhance the well-being and psychological health of the military family
 - Ensure excellence in military children's education and their development
 - Develop career and educational opportunities for military spouses
 - Increase child care availability and quality for the Armed Forces



President's Report – Innovative New Partnerships

- Policy workshops for States leveraging resources of the MHBG and SAPTBG
- DoD and HHS joining forces to improve community mental health services and prevent suicides
 - VA's National Suicide Call Center expanding Over 300,000 calls with over 11,000 lives saved
- HHS, VA, HUD, DOL and across government joining forces in fight to end homelessness among veterans



President's Report – Innovative New Partnerships

- HHS (through HRSA) innovative approaches to improve capacity of hospitals in rural areas to deliver MH services
- HHS, DoD, and VA working with professional associations and academic institutions – military culture included in core curricula and published standards
- HHS and DoD working with media and entertainment industry

 reduce misleading/inaccurate depictions of BH conditions
 and of people who seek care
- DOJ and HHS will partner to further develop the Veterans
 Treatment Court concept



President's Report Reflected in SAMHSA Strategic Initiative #3 – Military Families

- Improve access of military families to community-based BH care
- Help providers respond to needs within military family culture
- Promote BH of military families with programs and evidencebased practices
 - Support resilience and emotional health
 - Prevent suicide
- Develop effective and seamless BH service system for military families



SAMHSA's Principles

People

- Stay focused on the goal
- Military Family culture

Partnership

- Cannot do it alone
- Federal, State, Territorial, Tribal Leadership; Equipped Providers and Engaged Communities

Performance

- Make a measurable difference
- Outcomes defined by health and wellbeing of military families



